

SION Socus on the Future

Your parks. Your community. Your vision.





Acquire More Open Space











Acquire More Open Space Firms

- The Lakota Group
- Public Communications, Inc. (PCI)









Acquire More Open Space Guidelines

- Proposed property uses will significantly enhance the District's recreation and leisure activities and amenities
- ☐ Proposed property uses **fit the present and future needs of the District**
- Property is adjacent to existing District-owned or leased land or other community open space, which will allow for the expansion of recreation amenities and/or additional open space
- Property is in an underserved area(s) of the District based on the District's Comprehensive Plan land acquisition priorities
- ☐ Property provides a link(s) to existing and/or planned paths, trails, and/or parks
- □ Property facilitates the protection of wildlife, unique vegetation, and/or the riparian ecosystem
- ☐ Funding is available to acquire, develop, and maintain the property and can be utilized without negatively impacting the Board's ability to meet its financial policies
- ☐ Property has **sufficient public and utility access**
- ☐ If lying in the flood plain or serving as detention basins, property must have significant recreation opportunities







Community Re-engagement

Vision 2020 Re-engagement (e.g., email, website)

- "Need small park in Pick Subdivision, 300+ homes no facility."
- Received feedback from eleven people who would like the District to add a park in their neighborhood (east of West Avenue, north of First Street, west of York Avenue, south of North Avenue). Some of the feedback included:
 - "I have heard from numerous other families like mine the sentiment that we
 do not have a park in our neighborhood. We have 2 small girls and to go to
 a park we have to either cross North Ave or the railroad tracks. We would
 love if we could find a small area for a pocket park in our section of
 Elmhurst."
 - "...area is becoming more congested and park space would benefit our neighborhood."







Community Re-engagement

PCI Feedback Meetings

- "This town is getting swallowed up with building everywhere. And I feel like it's a responsibility of the Park District."
- "I think that there's a need for us to have more outdoor space. Especially with all the people moving into town now. With all the high-rise complexes going up with more condo space, you're going to have more people who are going to want to utilize these spaces. Not just for their kids but also for themselves. We need more park space."
- "The problem with acquiring more open space is that it's going very quickly. And we're not going to have an opportunity in 10 or 15 years from now to go back and say, "Oh we should have bought this, we should have kept this space open." I just think it's an opportunity that might be slipping away with as you said, so much building going on. I think people are really going to appreciate the green space that's there, even if they don't realize it at this point in time. I think that in the future, it will be a selling point for the community too."
- "There's no parks in my neighborhood unless you count the school. And the school is not really a park. You can't use it all the time."
- Participants had concerns about the impact of properties becoming tax exempt









Park Distribution Level of Service

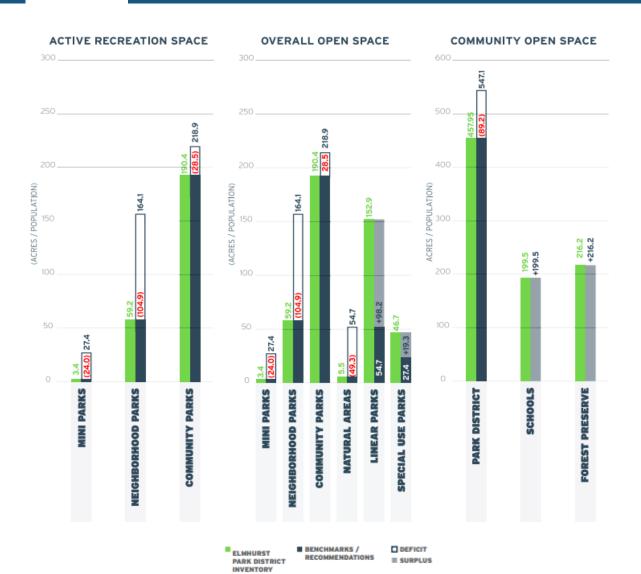
- Level of Service (LOS) analysis evaluates how well an agency's parks, outdoor amenities, and indoor recreation facilities compare to local, regional, and industry benchmarks.
- While the Elmhurst Park District (EPD) is a leading community open space provider, there are *deficiencies in both acreage and distribution of community park space*, according Vision 2020 needs assessment LOS analysis.
- To narrow this gap, EPD could add park space and spread it more evenly throughout the community.







Park Acreage Level of Service



- Overall, EPD has a 9.9 acre per 1,000 LOS, which is lower than the benchmark of 11.8 acres per 1,000.
- For the total acres of parks and open space managed by EPD, it is 143.9 acres short of the recommended 547.1 acres.
- For the 252.9 acres of active recreation sites that EPD manages, it is deficient in all park categories, with the greatest deficiency being Neighborhood Parks (-104.9 acres).



Park Distribution Level of Service Planning Areas



Figure 12: Planning Areas

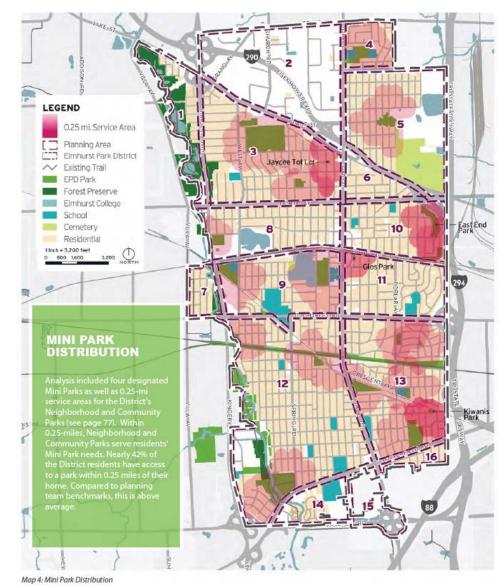


Figure





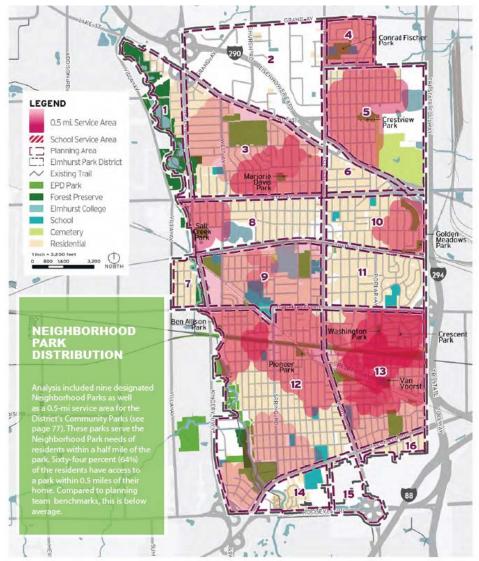
Mini-Park Distribution



| General Description | Service Area | Size Criteria |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Mini Parks meet the need for | Less than 0.25 mile | Between 2,500 |
| a walkable, drop-in | distance in a | square feet and one |
| recreation experience. | residential setting. | acre in size. |
| Appropriate elements in | | 2 to 3 residential lots |
| these parks include | | |
| playgrounds, picnic areas, | | |
| and seating. These parks | | |
| usually do not include | | |
| parking. Used to address | | |
| limited, isolated, or unique | | |
| recreational needs. | | |



Neighborhood Park Distribution

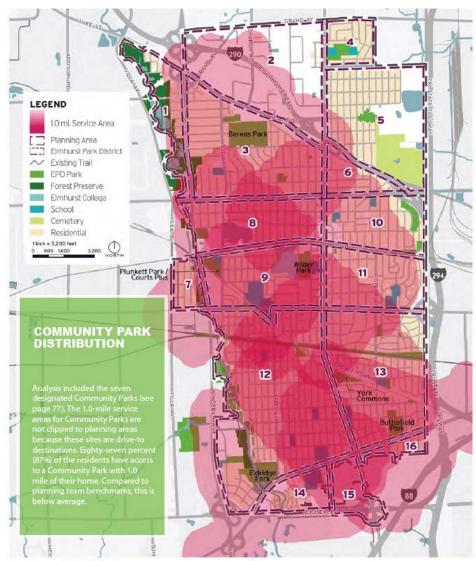


| General Description | Service Area | Size Criteria |
|---|---|--------------------------|
| Neighborhood Parks remain the | 0.25 to 0.5 mile | 1 to 5 acres in size is |
| basic unit of the park system and | distance and | typical. |
| are generally designed for informal active and passive recreation and community gathering spaces. | uninterrupted by non- residential roads and other physical barriers | 6 to 30 residential lots |
| Elements in these parks often | | |
| include playgrounds, picnic | | |
| areas, sports fields, and trail | | |
| systems. | | |
| Neighborhood Parks serve as the | | |
| recreational and social focus of | | |
| the neighborhood. | | |

Map 5: Neighborhood Park Distribution



Community Park Distribution



| General Description | Service Area | Size Criteria |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Community Parks focus on meeting community-wide recreation needs. These parks preserve unique landscapes, and often serve the community as gathering places and general athletics. | more neighborhoods and 0.5 to 3 mile | accommodate desired |
| Elements in these parks include playgrounds, pavilions, trails and path systems, multiple sport courts and fields. | | |

Map 6: Community Park Distribution



Park Distribution Level of Service

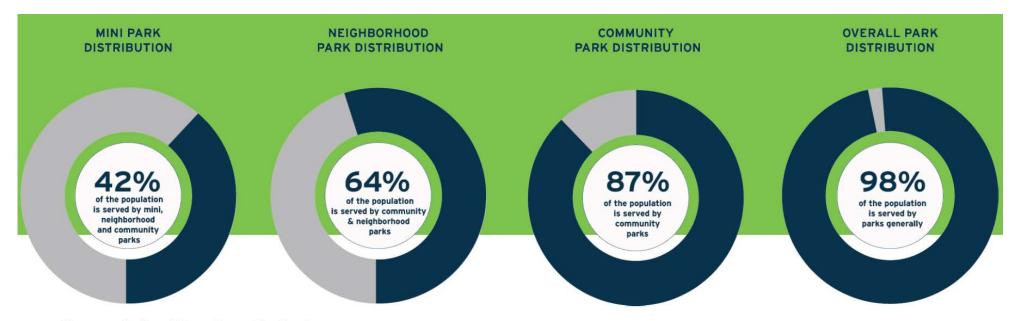
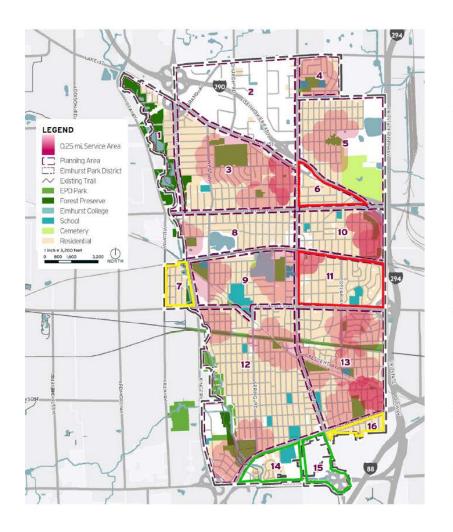


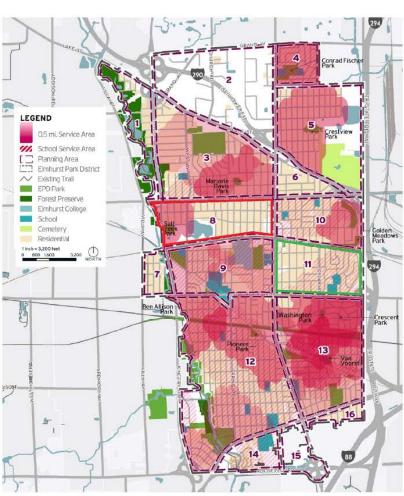
Figure 11: Park and Open Space Distribution

- 36% of residents are not served by neighborhood and community parks within 0.5-miles, which decreases to 20% when schools are included in the analysis
- 13% are not served by community parks within 1.0 mile of their home, which is below park distribution benchmarks



Acquisition Priorities



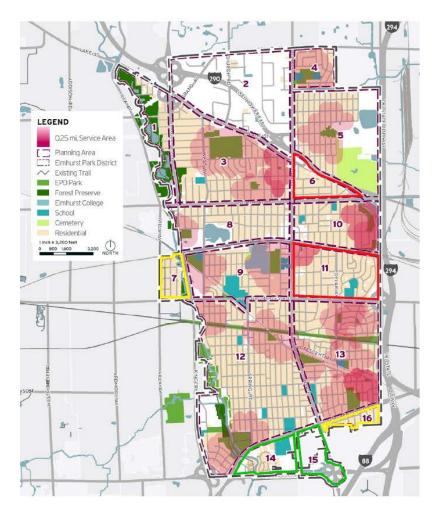


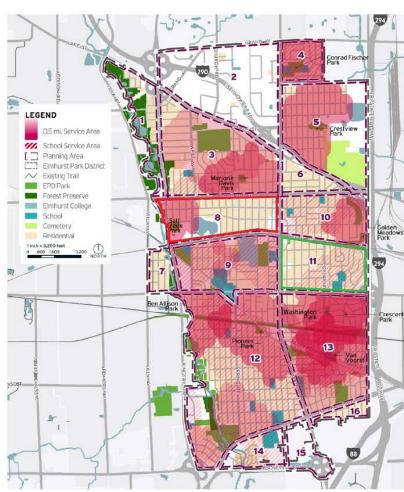
High

- Planning Area 11: add minipark (central area)
- Planning Area 6: add minipark (anywhere, but lower priority than Area 11)
- Planning Area 8: add neighborhood park (east of Quarry)



Acquisition Priorities





Medium

- Planning Areas 16 & 7: add mini-park (adjacent to Forest Preserve land)
- Planning Areas 4 & 5: add community park space (buy land adjacent to Crestview Park or Conrad Fischer Park)



Acquisition Strategy

- Prioritize acquisition in high & medium priority areas
- Conduct inventory in targeted planning areas, including:
 - residential, commercial, and industrial
 - ages of structures
 - land for sale
- Send letters of interest to owners of identified parcels
- Engage local realtors to assist with identified parcels
- Monitor real estate market
- Annually fund the purchase of one available residential lot
- Acquire tax-exempt property when and where feasible





Funding Alternatives

- Referendum (rate increase)
- Land Acquisition Grant Programs (OSLAD, LWCF)





Potential Partnerships

Capital

Grant Programs







Closing Summary & Overall Financial Impact

New Annual Operating Subsidy

\$500,000



